

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Mijillu Ward,  
Mubi-North LGA

2019-2024







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# OUR VISION

Our vision for Mijillu is to grow into a standard Local Government Area with clean portable water, standard telecommunication network, electricity power supply, good road network from Mubi to Mijillu communities, standard educational system, hospitals, skills acquisition centre, modernized agricultural activities and adequate security.





# MESSAGE FROM THE DISTRICT HEAD



**MOHAMMAD ADAMU**

On behalf of Mijillu ward, I am proud to present our first Community Development Plan 2019-2024. This plan will be a key document for Mijillu ward towards improving service delivery and building a better future for the people of Mijillu for the next five years.

With a future direction and focus identified and through improvements and innovations, Mijillu ward will address the challenges of a developing nation in which we live in. We are pleased to know that the challenges in this plan align with our existing priorities which are medical services, WASH, education and livelihood.

This Plan will help us adopt a long term plan for our community development needs. We welcome your contributions, support and opportunities from the Government and Donor agencies who aim at contributing to the development of Mijillu ward.

The preparation of this Plan would not have been possible without the significant contributions Mijillu ward received from the community members who participated in the community development planning sessions.

I acknowledge the efforts of GZDI and GIZ for supporting us to build a better ward by supporting the development of this Community Development Plan.





**PARTICIPANTS ENGAGE IN THE  
MARKET PLACE EXERCISE**



**A CROSS SECTION OF PARTICIPANTS  
DURING THE MIJILU SESSION**



**A MIXED GROUP DELIBERATING DURING  
A GROUP WORK EXERCISE**



# ABOUT THIS PLAN

Mijillu Ward is part of Mubi North LGA. Mubi North LGA is one of the 7 Local Government Areas of Adamawa State that was affected by the Boko Haram insurgency in 2014. Apart from the destruction of physical infrastructures such as schools, water points, health centers etc. in the Local Government Area, people were killed and displaced and many others fled to safety. The physical and psychological trauma experienced during this time, require concerted efforts for the victims' and communities' full recovery.

Against this background, the Local Government and the traditional leaders of Mubi North LGA have put the reconstruction and long-term development based on the needs of the local population as their priority. With the support of the GIZ programme "Support to Strengthening Resilience in North-East Nigeria" (funded by the European Union and the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development), the Community Development Planning (CDP) process was implemented. The purpose was to bring together various community actors, vulnerable groups, women and men of different ages and socio-economic backgrounds together at ward level to plan for the development of their communities through a participatory bottom-up process.

The CDP process has provided the opportunity for community stakeholders to come together under one umbrella to discuss and analyze their livelihoods, problems, causes, strategies and potentials solutions. It is a process where members of a community are active participants in their problem identification, analysis of developmental issues affecting them and brainstorming on solutions to solve the problems. This is done while putting the peculiarity of their communities at the center of all the efforts.

While stakeholder sensitization, ward analysis and community mobilization played a crucial role in the CDP process, the Community Development Planning Session itself is the heart of the process. This 4-day session is akin to the village/town meetings where members of the community come together to discuss issues that affect their development and plan activities to overcome those development gaps. The major objectives of the CDP sessions are:



- To provide an opportunity for different socio-economic groups to discuss and analyse their livelihoods, including problems, causes, strategies and potentials within the community that could help them solve these problems
- To build people's capacity to participate more actively in development issues affecting them as individuals and their community as a whole
- To create a platform, where the people can discuss with their political and traditional leaders
- To identify and prioritize the needs of the community

Participants of the CDP session were carefully selected cutting across all demographics and socio-economic groups within the ward including vulnerable groups such as IDP, persons living with disability and orphaned children.

The CDP session was facilitated by the Governance Component of GIZ's Resilience Programme and their Civil Society Organisation (CSO) partners: Clear View Integrity Foundation (CVIF) and Grace & Hope Youth Foundation (GHYF), Child Protection and Peer Learning Initiative (CPPLI), Goggoji Zumunchi Development Initiative (GZDI), Zireenza Support

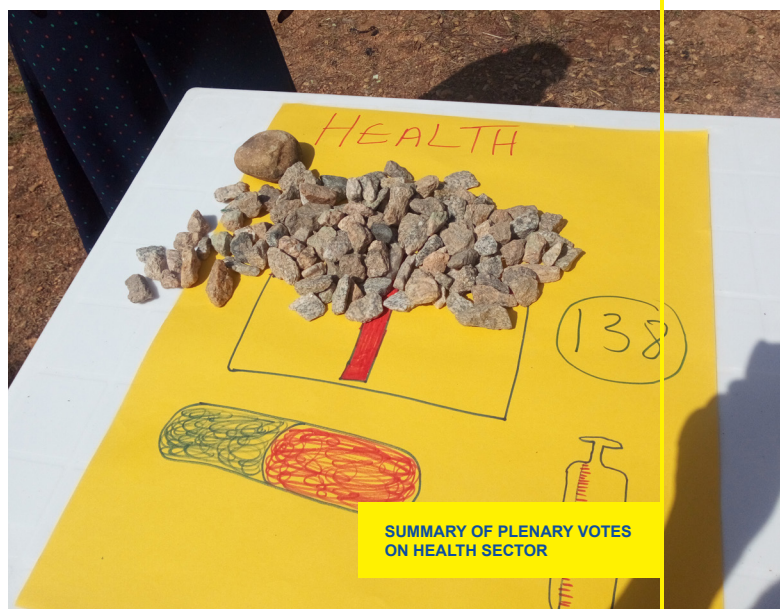


Foundation (ZSF) together with other members of the CDP team such as state/local government officials as well as traditional leaders who supported and guided the process.

The tangible results of the Mijillu ward CDP process and especially the CDP session is this Ward Development Plan. This Plan and its content were validated by the representatives of the Mijillu ward.



**FEMALE PARTICIPANTS  
VOTE IN PLENARY**



**SUMMARY OF PLENARY VOTES  
ON HEALTH SECTOR**



**A FEMALE PARTICIPANT MAKES A PRESENTATION  
DURING THE MARKET PLACE EXERCISE**



# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: KEY FINDINGS

The Community Development Plan is a key strategic document that will provide short- and medium-term actions over the next five years. This contains significant inputs from the community to provide a clear direction for Donor partners and Government to deliver improved services and outcomes for the community in the future.

Our plan provides direction on how the ward will address in partnership with others, the challenges facing its community now and in the future. Information gathered during the ward analysis and the community development planning (CDP) sessions form the basis for this Community Development Plan. Result of our analysis shows that Fali, Higgi, Hausa and Fulfulde are the predominant languages spoken in the ward. Our main source of income comes from agriculture-related activities like farming/rearing of livestock, selling of Maize/Corn, Sugarcane, Rice, Groundnut, Beans and Guinea corn.

Respect for elders and husbands, farming, abduction of women in the name of marriage, decent dressing, respect for culture, passion for giving and hospitality are some of our shared values. Furthermore, Madrid tree, Tamarin tree, Groundnut oil extraction machine, viewing center, primary and secondary schools, primary healthcare center, high mountains and rocks are some of our major natural and social-economic resources.

To better understand our development needs, we identified, discussed and prioritized based on sectorial clusters the problems of our ward that need urgent attention. We ranked our problems first based on gender and age group and then in plenary of the CDP sessions. Also, we sat together and analysed the causes of these problems. Out of the causes, we were able to identify possible solutions to the problems and proposed activities on how to tackle them.







## MIJILLU WARD AT A GLANCE

- In Mijillu, we have 1 District Head, 3 Village Heads and 89 Ward Heads
- The following are our village Areas : Mukta, Mijillu and Kirya.
- In Mijillu, different ethnic groups are living together, they are Fali, Fulani, Gude, Hausa, Margi and Njanyi
- Languages spoken are Fali, Fulfude, Gude, Hausa, Higgi, Kilba, and Margi
- There are 11 existing schools situated in Kwashikini, Pagui, Gaja, Jembula, Kwapalli, Tapa, Miza, Wudivi, Kwatalla and Kriya primary and GDSS Mijillu and Kirya
- We also have 3 existing health centres namely: Kwashikini and Kwabang dispensaries, Miza Primary Health Care centres
- Our urgent needs and biggest challenges are improved quality of healthcare, agriculture and education



# THIS IS OUR WARD\*

## GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Mubi North is situated at 10.27 North latitude, 13. 26 East longitude. Mijillu ward is one of its 11 political wards that constitute the Local Government Area. Mijillu ward borders Cameroon Republic, Muchalla, Bayo-Bani ward and Michika Local Government Area. There are two distinct seasons which are the rainy and dry seasons interrupted by brief harmattan. Harmattan occurs between mid-December to February and the dry season begins usually in mid-February and lasts till the end of April. The rainy season is a six (6) month period of rainfall between May to October with August and September as peaks. The natural vegetation of the area is the Sudan savannah characterized by light forests of thick short grasses and sparse trees. The most dominant tree species are Mahogany (Madaci), Moromoro, Dorowa, Tamarind (Tamarindus Indica) and Baobab (Kuka) with the elephant grass (Euphalian Darathon) the most frequent grass species in the area. The topography of this region is characterised by rocks, hills while some parts are muddy which makes it difficult to access.

## DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

With most wards in Mubi North gradually slipping into a post-conflict context with minimal attacks by the Boko Haram terrorist group, the number of IDPs and displaced communities continues to decrease exponentially. The results of our analysis show that, the predominant religion in our ward is Christianity followed by Islam with less than 10% of the population agreeing to the presence of Traditional religion in the ward. Also, the ward is a host community, hosting returnees who form a large number of the ward population.

On ethnic compositions of the ward according to the data generated via the ward analysis, the main ethnic groups are Fali, Higgi, Hausa, Fulani, Gude, Kirya and Margi. In line with the ethnic compositions Fali is the most dominant language spoken in the ward followed by Hausa, Higgi and Fulfulde.

## ECONOMIC INFORMATION

In line with the data generated during the ward analysis, the main source of income in the ward are from agriculture-related activities like farming/rearing of livestock's, business and sale of farm produce such as Maize/Corn, Groundnut, Rice, Sesame, Tiger nut, Banana, Bambara nut, Cassava, Beans and Sugarcane.

Typically, the jobs our men do are farming, manual labour, blacksmithing, block making, bricklaying, carpentry, driving and tailoring. While our women engage in farming, selling of Akara, cutting and selling of firewood, Groundnut oil extraction, tailoring, weaving and housekeeping.

From our economic activities, the monthly personal and household incomes fall within 5,000-10,000 and 10,000-50,000 Naira respectively. During the ward analysis, 36%, of respondents said they are unsatisfied with their living situation while 26% are somewhat satisfied with their living situation based on their current income. 58% of respondents believed that access to jobs in Mijillu ward is unfavourable but manageable. The majority of the respondents are very confident their living situation will improve in the future and few were very unsure what it will be. The most important market days in Mijillu ward are Thursdays (Gajah market), Tuesdays (Fali central market), and Saturday (Suzuwa market).

The following information was collected through the ward analysis which is an integral part of the CDP process. The information gathered in this exercise helped to better understand the ward but does not make any claim to be accurate or complete.

## OUR VALUES

In Mijillu, we believe in farming, respect for elders and husbands. Women dress decently, men don't eat in their in-law's house, abducting women in the name of marriage is forbidden, hospitality, men bury their in-laws, solidarity and equal right for all believers.

\* The following information was collected through the ward analysis which is an integral part of the CDP process. The information gathered in this exercise helped to better understand the ward but does not make any claim to be accurate or complete.



**OUR STRENGTH**

As a community, we have come to realise that our ward has valuable natural, economic, social and human resources.

Our resources in the ward are reflected in the lists below:

Natural Resources	Location
Economic trees like Madird, Tamarin, Boubou, Mango, Guava, Shea butter, Dorawa and Kurna tree.	Jambula, Wura, Miza, Gaja, Mukta, Gari, Gubi, Wudivi, Hazga and Kwashikini.
Fertile farmland.	Mijillu ward
Sandy and clay soil	Kwapalli, Mukta, Hazga, Wudivi
Swamp (Fadama) for farming Cassava, Sugarcane, Rice, Cocoyam and Banana.	Jambulla and Dundahi
Agricultural products like Sesame (Ridi), Egusi, Maize, Beans and Groundnut.	Mijillu ward.
High mountains and rocks	Mukta, Wudivi, Gubi, Mirinyi
Lagoons and rivers	Hazgha, Wudivi, Mirinyi

Economic Resources	Location
Market	Jambula, Gazha, Mirinyi, Hazgha, Mukta
Shops	Mijillu ward
Mini market	Kwapala, Kwatala, Dundahi, Kwashikini, Hazgha, and Mukta
Welding points	Mukta and Kiriya
Sewing machine	Mijillu ward
Groundnut oil extraction machine	Miza
Grinding machine	Bakin Rijiya and Kwashikini

Social Resources	Locations
Primary schools	Jambulla, Kiriya, Kwatala, Kwapali, Tapa, Kwashikin and Wudivi
Secondary school	Wudivi, Kwapalli, Kiriya and Kwashikini
Viewing centre	Wudivi
Football field	Wudivi and Kwashikini
Primary Health Care centres	Kiriya, Kwabang, Jambulla, Kwatala, Pagui and Kwashikini
Primary schools	Jambulla, Kiriya, Kwatala, Kwapali, Tapa, Kwashikin and Wudivi
Secondary school	Wudivi, Kwapalli, Kiriya And Kwashikini

Human Resources	Locations
We are blessed with the human population including Lawyers, Security personnel, Doctors, Teachers, Drivers, Craft men, Hunters, Traditional dancers, Herbalist, Businessmen/women and Blacksmith	Mijillu ward

## OUR CHALLENGES

Despite the rich resources, our development faces challenges, which include all sectors and areas in our ward.

### Health

- Insufficient Health Personnel in Pagui, Kwashikini, Kwabang and Miza primary health care centres
- Insufficient drugs in Pagui, Kwashikini, Miza, and Kwabang primary health care centres
- Lack of hospital in Gaja, Jambula, Kiriya II, Lainde, Kwatalla, Wudivi, Zapan, Tuba and Hazga communities

### Agriculture and Food Security

- Insufficient farming equipment e.g. tractor, fertilizer, seedlings, and pesticide in Mijillu ward
- Dispute over farmland in Mijillu ward

### Water and Sanitation

- Inadequate portable water in Kiriya I&II, Mukta, Kwashikini, Mizima, Guvan, Tsanyi, Mirinyi, Wudivi, Tumba, Gaja, Hazga, Chimadau, Jambula, Kulfi, Sabon Gari and Dundahi communities
- Dilapidated borehole in Bakin rijiya, Kwarrala, Anguwan sarki, Kwashikini and Kwabang

### Education

- Insufficient Teachers in kwashikini, Pagui, Gaja, Mukta, Wudivi, Kwatalla & Kriya primary and secondary school
- Insufficient classrooms in Kwapalli, Pagui and Jambula primary school
- Insufficient teaching materials like chairs, chalk, and textbooks in Mijillu ward primary and secondary schools
- Lack of school in Hazga, Lande, and Guvang.
- Lack of adult education in Mijillu ward

### Economy

- Lack of standard road from Mubi to Mijillu ward
- Insufficient capital in Mijillu ward
- Lack of electricity supply in Mijillu ward
- Lack of drainage in Mijillu ward

### Security

- Theft of cattle and goats in Mijillu ward
- Lack of Police station in Mijillu ward
- Insufficient security personnel and equipment in Mijillu ward

### Social Protection

- Insufficient capital to enrol children in school in Mijillu ward
- Parents not allowing their daughters to go to school
- Abduction of women in the name of marriage





**MALE PARTICIPANTS MAKE OBSERVATIONS  
AFTER A GROUP WORK EXERCISE**



**FEMALE PARTICIPANTS VOTE IN  
PLENARY**



**THE VOTING ARENA FOR THE PLENARY VOTES  
READY FOR VOTING TO COMMENCE**



# THIS IS OUR DEVELOPMENT: PROBLEMS AND CAUSES, SOLUTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

To better understand our development needs, we collected, discussed and prioritised the problems in the ward that need our urgent attention. The tables below show the prioritization of problem sectors that came out of our internal voting process which was conducted first in different gender and age groups and then in the plenary of the CDP Session.

The problems identified were clustered in 7 major thematic sectors. These sectors are:

- i. Water and Sanitation
- ii. Economy
- iii. Agriculture and Food Security
- iv. Education
- v. Security
- vi. Health
- vii. Social Protection

The tables below show the prioritization of our needs according to votes which were conducted first according to gender and age groups and then age in a plenary discussion.

A. TABLE SHOWING RESULTS OF VOTING BY AGE GRADES				
	MALE VOTES BY AGE GRADES (YEARS)		FEMALE VOTES BY AGE GRADES (YEARS)	
	15-35	36-100	15-35	36-100
Health	37	51	15	33
Agriculture and Food Security	5	7	8	18
Economy	16	10	6	10
Water and Sanitation	5	3	5	6
Education	0	0	4	3
Security	0	2	11	15
Social Protection	0	1	3	4
Total	63	74	52	89

B. RESULT OF VOTING BY ALL PARTICIPANTS AT PLENARY			
	VOTES	%	RANK
Health	138	38.97	1st
Agriculture and Food Security	78	21.97	2nd
Education	48	13.52	3rd
Economy	44	12.39	4th
Water and Sanitation	40	11.27	5th
Social Protection	5	1.41	6th
Security	2	0.56	7th

Following the prioritization of our problems and needs, we sat together and analysed the causes of these problems. Out of the causes, we were able to identify possible solutions to these problems and proposed activities, how to tackle them. Our recommendations address us as private community members, but also our leaders and political institutions.

In the tables below, you will find a summary of our discussions:



**A MALE PARTICIPANT MAKES HIS PRESENTATION DURING A MARKET PLACE EXERCISE**

Every participant got 3 stones and was free to distribute these stones on the identified problems within their respective sector in order to emphasize the participant's prioritization.



# HEALTH SECTOR



PROBLEMS & CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTION POINT
<p>Insufficient health personnel at Pagui, Kwashikini, Kwabang and Miza primary health care centres.</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Delay in payment of staff salaries</li> <li>• Nepotism</li> <li>• Inadequate qualified/trained personnel</li> </ul>	Payment of salaries on time	<p>Medical and health workers' union lobby from the LGA, State, and Federal government for payment of staff salaries on time</p> <p>Health workers to carry out their duties properly</p>
	Avoid nepotism	Employers should follow due process of employment and employ base on merit
	Provide qualified personnel	<p>Government to provide timely training to health personnel</p> <p>Members of Mijillu ward to make their wards study health-related discipline</p>
<p>Insufficient drugs at Pagui, Kwashikini, Miza, and Kwabang primary health care centres.</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Insufficient provision of drugs</li> <li>• Improper maintenance</li> </ul>	Government to provide drugs	<p>Existing health committees in the ward and WPSC to lobby from the government /Donors/NGOs for the supply of drugs</p> <p>WPSC and traditional leaders encourage members of Mijillu ward to carry out self-help projects for the purchase/supply of drugs</p>
	Provide proper maintenance	<p>Community leaders and WPSC to set committees responsible for the maintenance of drugs</p> <p>Health workers should always be sincere and trustworthy</p>
<p>Lack of hospital at Gaja, Jambula Kirya ii, Lainde, Kwatalla, Wudivi, Zapan, Tuba and Hazga communities</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Illiteracy</li> </ul>	Seek knowledge	<p>Community &amp; youth leaders to have a town hall meeting with community members and discuss the importance of unity</p> <p>Parent should send their children to school to seek knowledge. Parent should send their children to school to seek knowledge</p>



PROBLEMS & CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTION POINT
		<p>Community and WPSC to sensitize the community members to allocate land</p> <p>Community leaders, WPSC to lobby from the government to build hospitals</p>



# AGRICULTURE



PROBLEMS & CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTION POINT
<p>Insufficient modern farming equipment e.g. tractor, fertilizer, seedlings, and pesticide at Mijillu ward</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insufficient funds</li> <li>Inadequate assistance of modern equipment</li> <li>Insufficient businessmen</li> </ul>	<p>Source for funds</p>	<p>Government /Donors/NGOs to empower the community with skills and entrepreneurship. Youth to engage in skills</p>
	<p>Government to provide modern equipment</p>	<p>Farmers association and WPSC to lobby for assistance from the Government/Donor/NGOs</p> <p>Community leaders/farmers association and WPSC to liaise with Government/Donor/NGOs</p>
	<p>Get qualified businessmen</p>	<p>Government/Donors/NGOs to sensitize the community with business skills and strategies</p>
<p>Dispute over farmland at Mijillu ward Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lack of patience</li> <li>Violation of the law</li> <li>Greediness</li> </ul>	<p>Community members should learn to be patient with each other</p>	<p>Community, religious, youth women leaders and WPSC to create awareness and sensitize the community on peaceful coexistence</p>
	<p>Community members should learn to be law-abiding.</p>	<p>Community, WPSC and religious leaders should have dialogue meetings with the community on uniting each other</p>
	<p>Avoid greediness</p>	<p>Community, religious, youth and women leaders to sensitize the community on self-reliance and peaceful coexistence</p> <p>Community members should be self-employed</p>
<p>Lack of school at Hazga, Lande, and Guvang</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insufficient knowledge of education</li> </ul>	<p>Seek knowledge</p>	<p>Community, religious leaders, and parents to sensitize the community on the importance of knowledge</p> <p>Community &amp; youth leaders to lobby from the government to build schools</p>

# EDUCATION SECTOR



PROBLEMS & CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTION POINT
<p>Insufficient Teachers at Kwashikini, Pagui, Gaja, Mukta, Wudivi, Kwatalla &amp; Kriya primary and secondary school</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unemployment opportunities for community members</li> <li>• Delay in payment of salaries</li> </ul>	<p>Employ community members</p> <p>Pay salaries on time</p>	<p>WPSC, traditional leaders and PTA/SBMC to lobby from the Government/Donors/NGOs to employ community members</p> <p>N.U.T to lobby from the government for the timely payment of salaries</p>
<p>Insufficient classrooms at Kwapalli, Pagui and Jambula primary school.</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Poor maintenance</li> <li>• Overcrowded pupils</li> </ul>	<p>Adopt proper maintenance policy</p> <p>Build more classes</p>	<p>WPSC and PTA/SBMC to lobby from the Government/Donors/NGOs to build more classes</p> <p>WPSC and PTA/SBMC and community to create a self-help project to build more classes</p>
<p>Insufficient teaching materials like chairs, chalk, and textbooks at Mijillu ward primary and secondary schools</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Poor support from the government</li> </ul>	<p>Government to provide support</p>	<p>Traditional, Religious leaders, councillors, SBMC/ WPSC should lobby for more support from the government and development partners</p> <p>PTA/SBMC to create a self-help project with the community and purchase school materials</p>
<p>Lack of school at Hazga, Lande, and Guvang</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Insufficient knowledge of education</li> </ul>	<p>Seek knowledge</p>	<p>Community, religious leaders, and parents to sensitize the community on the importance of knowledge.</p> <p>Community &amp; youth leaders to lobby from the government to build schools.</p>



# ECONOMY SECTOR



PROBLEMS & CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTION POINT
Lack of standard road from Mubi to Mijillu ward  Due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lack of forwarding complaints to the government.</li> <li>Insufficient teamwork and unity</li> <li>Carelessness</li> </ul>	Complain to the Government	Community leaders and WPSC to forward complaints and lobby from the Government /Donors/NGOs
	Community to unite and work together	Community and WPSC to sensitize the community on teamwork  WPSC and youth leaders to organize a community self-help project
	Avoid carelessness	Community and WPSC to sensitize the community and learn to claim ownership
Insufficient capital Mijillu ward  Due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lack of loan</li> <li>Insufficient business skills</li> </ul>	Source for loan	Businessmen, WPSC and community leaders to lobby for a loan from the Government/Donors/NGOs and Banks
	Provide enough training in business.	Government/Donors/NGOs to provide enough business skills for the community.
Lack of electricity power supply Mijillu ward  Due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insufficient knowledge of electricity</li> <li>Lack of unity</li> </ul>	Seek knowledge of electricity.	Community and WPSC to lobby from the Donors/NGOs to sensitize the community on the use and importance of electricity
	The community should unite.	Community, WPSC and religious leaders should hold a town hall meeting with the community and discuss the importance of unity for their development
Lack of drainage Mijillu ward  Due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lack of forwarding complaints to the government</li> <li>Insufficient knowledge on the use of drainage</li> </ul>	Community to forward complaints to the government	Community and WPSC to forward and lobby their problems to the Government/Donors/NGOs
	Seek knowledge on use of drainage	Government/NGOs to enlighten the community on the use of drainages

# WATER AND SANITATION



PROBLEMS & CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTION POINT
<p>Inadequate portable water at Kiriya I&amp;II, Mukta, Kwashikini, Mizima, Guvan, Tsanyi, Mirinyi, Wudivi, Tumba, Gaja, Hazga, Chimadau, Jambula, Kulfi, Sabon Gari &amp; Dundahi communities</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of proper sanitation</li> <li>• Lack of borehole</li> <li>• Improper water maintenance</li> </ul>	Engage in proper sanitation	<p>Doctors, WPSC and community leaders to lobby from Government/Donors/NGOs to sensitize the community on physical hygiene</p> <p>Community, Parent and WPSC to engage the community on monthly sanitation</p>
	Provide borehole	Community leaders and WPSC to lobby from the Government/Donors/NGOs and influential person to build boreholes
	Provide proper water maintenance	Community leaders and WPSC to set up the WASH committee
<p>Dilapidated borehole in Bakin rijiya, Kwarrala, Anguwan sarki, Kwashikini and Kwabang</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low-quality equipment</li> <li>• Poor maintenance</li> <li>• Overcrowding</li> </ul>	Use quality equipment	WPSC/community leaders should monitor water projects
	Adopt maintenance policy	WPSC, religious and traditional leaders should sensitize the community on the importance of maintenance
	Provide more boreholes	WPSC, Community/traditional leaders should lobby for the construction of more boreholes and wells from the Government and NGOs



# SOCIAL PROTECTION



PROBLEMS & CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTION POINT
Insufficient capital to enrol children in school in Mijillu ward	Source for capital	Community leaders and WPSC to lobby for support from the Government/NGOs/Donors
Due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inadequate access to capital</li> <li>Lack of peaceful co-existence</li> </ul>	Community to live in peace with each other	Community/religious leaders and WPSC to create awareness on the importance of unity and peaceful coexistence
Parent not allowing their daughters to go to school in Muchalla ward	Seek knowledge and awareness	Religious/traditional leaders and WPSC should sensitize parents and community members on enrolment in school and skill acquisition
Due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Illiteracy</li> <li>Poverty</li> <li>Poor advice</li> </ul>	Provide capital in Mijillu ward	Religious/traditional leaders, WPSC and NGOs should lobby for loans from the Federal Government
	Give good advice	Religious/traditional leaders and elders should sensitize the community on the importance of good advice

# SECURITY SECTOR



PROBLEMS & CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTION POINT
<p>Theft of cattle and goats in Mijillu ward</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drug abuse</li> <li>• Unemployment</li> <li>• Laziness</li> </ul>	Avoid hard drugs	WPSC, community and religious leaders to sensitize the community on the effect of hard drugs to the society
	Provide employment opportunities	WPSC to lobby from Government/Donors/NGOs to create job opportunities and entrepreneurship centre for the community
	Work hard	WPSC to lobby from the Government/NGOs to train the community on different skills
<p>Lack of police station in Mijillu ward</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not forwarding complaints to the government</li> </ul>	Forward complaints to the government	Community, WPSC and religious leaders to lobby from the government to build a Police station in the ward.
<p>Insufficient security personnel and equipment in Mijillu ward</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Insufficient fund</li> <li>• Corruption</li> </ul>	Source for funds	WPSC and community leaders to lobby the government to provide security personnel & equipment for the ward
	Avoid corruption	Government/NGOs to sensitize the community and security personnel on the effect of corruption on society







# THIS IS HOW WE FOLLOW UP

At the end of the first-ever CDP session in Mijillu ward, a ward project supervisory committee comprising 21 representatives from each of the 19 communities within the ward was established. Also appointed by us was a committee Chairperson and Secretary. Functions of the Ward Project Supervisory Committee (WPSC) include:

- The committee will provide support to their wards and be available to their communities whenever necessary

- The committee will meet with government agencies & development partners to discuss further modalities on the development within the ward
- To report back to their respective community on the progress or otherwise of project activities and updating the community on the issues discussed at the various meetings held with development partners

## BELOW IS THE LIST OF THE WARD SUPPORT COMMITTEE (WSC)

NAME	DESIGNATION	GENDER	VILLAGE/AREA	PHONE NUMBER
MUSA GARKUWA	P.R.O	M	WUDIVI	07010653136
BUHARI YERIMA	SECRETARY	M	BAKIN RIGIYA	08129743284
SAMSON JOHN	MEMBER	M	KWASHIKINI	08032629120
NAOMI YAKUBU	TREASURER	F	GAJAH	08027650145
HELEN BAUCHI	MEMBER	F	HAZGA	09030429737
PAUL I ADISA	MEMBER	M	MIRINYI	09024769130
RUBECCA EZEKIEL	MEMBER	F	MIZA	09014386668
MARRY EZEKIEL	MEMBER	F	KWATALLA	Nil
WILLIAM WAKDA	MEMBER	M	KIRYA	08025023113
AYUBA AMINU	ASST SECRETARY	M	KWAPALLI	08021289117
THOMAS AUGUSTIN	MEMBER	M	JEMBULA	08050808741
SARAYA JOSHUA	MEMBER	F	MAZZA I	08022508628
DANIEL NUPPA	MEMBER	M	MAZZA II	08123280935
THANKGOD ADAMU	MEMBER	F	YAKWA	09078884581
REV. JOEL KWAJI	VICE-CHAIRMAN	M	PAGUI	09024994893
JOSHUA ANTHONY	CHAIRMAN	M	LAINDE	09067924626
ANDREW JOSHUA	MEMBER	M	TSAYE	08020751259
PETER MARKUS	MEMBER	M	TSAYE	+2347662552462
DIKEN RIFKATU IBRAHIM	MEMBER	F	PAGUI	08121018859
GODIYA PHILIMON	MEMBER	F	DANTA	07069776233
SHARI IBRAHIM	MEMBER	F	LAINDE	+2347663877475



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We are especially grateful to the teams of GIZ, CVIF, GZDI and ZSF for supporting and facilitating the development of this plan. We strongly believe that this is the beginning of good things to come in our ward and Mubi North LGA in general. May God bless you all.











